

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixtures  
Product name : Vanadate-Molybdate Reagent  
Product code : LC26600

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only.  
Recommended use : Laboratory chemicals  
Restrictions on use : Not for food, drug or household use

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LabChem Inc  
Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court  
Zelienople, PA 16063 - USA  
T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647  
[info@labchem.com](mailto:info@labchem.com) - [www.labchem.com](http://www.labchem.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B H314  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318

Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger  
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray  
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection, protective clothing, face protection  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations  
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

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### SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	83.71	Not classified
Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w	(CAS No) 7647-01-0	13.66	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate	(CAS No) 12054-85-2	2.5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Ammonium Metavanadate	(CAS No) 7803-55-6	0.13	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Nausea. Vomiting. Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Diarrhoea.
- Chronic symptoms : Affection/discolouration of the teeth.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Not flammable.
- Explosion hazard : Not applicable.
- Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
- Other information : Not applicable.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Try to stop release. Dike and contain spill.

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### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Face-shield.  
Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.  
Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not breathe the mist, vapors, spray.  
Hygiene measures : Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.  
Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use.  
Incompatible products : metals. cyanides. Strong bases. Strong acids.  
Incompatible materials : Direct sunlight.  
Packaging materials : Do not store in corrodable metal.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
Water (7732-18-5)		
Not applicable		
Ammonium Metavanadate (7803-55-6)		
Not applicable		
Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate (12054-85-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

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Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.



Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.  
Eye protection : Chemical goggles or face shield.  
Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.  
Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.  
Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid  
Color : Yellow  
Odor : Odorless  
Odor threshold : No data available  
pH :  $\leq 0.5$   
Melting point : No data available  
Freezing point : No data available  
Boiling point : No data available  
Flash point : No data available  
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available  
Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable.  
Vapor pressure : No data available  
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available  
Relative density : No data available  
Specific gravity / density : 1 - 1.1  
Solubility : Soluble in water.  
Log Pow : No data available  
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available  
Decomposition temperature : No data available  
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available  
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available  
Explosion limits : No data available  
Explosive properties : Not applicable.  
Oxidizing properties : None.

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with (some) bases: release of heat.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

metals. cyanides. Strong bases.

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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen chloride. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Skin and eye contact

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
LD50 oral rat	700 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	700.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	5010.000 mg/kg body weight

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	90000.000 mg/kg body weight

Ammonium Metavanadate (7803-55-6)	
LD50 oral rat	160 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rat	2102 mg/kg (Rat)
ATE US (oral)	160.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	2102.000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
pH: ≤ 0.5

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.  
pH: ≤ 0.5

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Nausea. Vomiting. Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Diarrhoea.

Chronic symptoms : Affection/discolouration of the teeth.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)	
LC50 fish 1	282 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	< 56 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)

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<b>Ammonium Metavanadate (7803-55-6)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	2.9 - 5.3 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.52 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)
Threshold limit algae 1	4 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)
<b>Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate (12054-85-2)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	320 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	140 mg/l
LC50 fish 2	420
ErC50 (algae)	41 mg/l

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Vanadate-Molybdate Reagent</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
<b>Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No test data on mobility of the components available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
<b>Water (7732-18-5)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
<b>Ammonium Metavanadate (7803-55-6)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Adsorbs into the soil.
<b>Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate (12054-85-2)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Vanadate-Molybdate Reagent</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
<b>Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)</b>	
Log Pow	0.25 (QSAR)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
<b>Water (7732-18-5)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
<b>Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate (12054-85-2)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)</b>	
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product.
GWPmix comment	: No known effects from this product.
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1789 Hydrochloric acid, 8, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1789

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Hydrochloric acid

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : A3 - For combination packaging, if glass inner packaging (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.  
A6 - For combination packaging, if plastic inner packaging are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.  
B3 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.  
B15 - Packaging must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance.  
IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.  
N41 - Metal construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.  
T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... Prohibited  
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.  
TP12 - This material is considered highly corrosive to steel.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

##### Vanadate-Molybdate Reagent

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
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All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w	CAS No 7647-01-0	13.66%
Ammonium Metavanadate	CAS No 7803-55-6	0.13%

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<b>Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)</b>	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

<b>Ammonium Metavanadate (7803-55-6)</b>	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

<b>Vanadate-Molybdate Reagent</b>	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material

<b>Hydrochloric Acid, 37% w/w (7647-01-0)</b>	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material

<b>Water (7732-18-5)</b>	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

<b>Ammonium Metavanadate (7803-55-6)</b>	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects

<b>Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate (12054-85-2)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

<b>Ammonium Molybdate Tetrahydrate (12054-85-2)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 01/25/2017

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

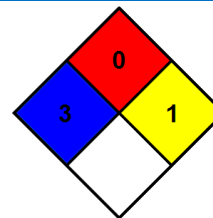


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NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.
NFPA reactivity	: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
Personal protection	: C C - Safety glasses, Gloves, Synthetic apron



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